Cirle Page 1 of 2

Idaho and Eastern Oregon Potato Committee P.O. Box 2192 Idaho Falls, Idaho 83403 Telephone (208) 529-8057

November 7, 2006

Standardization Section
Fresh Products Branch, Fruit & Vegetable Programs
Agricultural Marketing Service
United States Department of Agriculture
1400 Independence Ave., SW, Room 1661 South Bldg.
Stop 0240
Washington, D.C. 20250-0240

RE: Docket Number FV-06-303 Potatoes; Grade Standards

To Whom It May Concern:

These comments are being submitted on behalf of the Idaho-Eastern Oregon Potato Committee. The Idaho-Eastern Oregon Potato Committee administers Federal Marketing Order No. 945 for Idaho Potatoes.

Concerning the proposed grade standards published in the September 22, 2006 Federal Register, we offer the following comments.

## 1. Section 51.1564 External Defects

- a. AIR CRACKS We agree with the proposed standard.
- b. BRUISES For the most part it appears there is a conscious effort to take all references to "appearance" out of the scoring guide. Therefore, we believe "appearance" should be deleted as a scoring guide on this defect, and specific scoring criteria (i.e. 5% surface area) used. This would provide an objective means of evaluating the defect and would avoid the subjectivity of opinion.
- c. CUTS We agree with the proposed standard.
- d. ELEPHANT HIDE We would suggest an appropriate visual aid be developed for defect identity. A visual aid would allow effective visual comparison of the sample and the standard.
- e. EXTERNAL DISCOLORATION The proposed rule is subjective based upon personal opinion of what light tan or light brown might be. Therefore, we recommend the use of Pot-L-l, Photo III as a guide to Light Tan and Pot-L-l, Photo 109 as a guide for Light Brown.
- f. FLATTENED OR DESPRESSED AREAS/PRESSURE BRUISES We agree with the proposed standard.
- g. FLEA BEATLE INJURY We support the proposed standard, but would suggest that it conflicts with the written description in Table III, External Defects. Language in Table III should be identical to the language in the Standard.
- h. GREENING We agree with the proposed standard.

Cirle Page 2 of 2

- i. GROWTH CRACKS We agree with the proposed standard.
- j. GRUB DAMAGE We agree with the proposed standard. However, we note that in Table III the criteria for "Damage" and "'Serious Damage" utilize the same measurement to determine two different damage levels. Both utilize the 3/4 inch on 2-1/2 inch or 6 ounce potato. We recommend 1 inch on 2-1/2 inch or 6 once potato as an indicator of serious damage.
- k. NEMATODE (ROOT KNOT) We agree with the proposed change.
- 1. RHIZOCTONIA (BLACK SCURF) We agree with the proposed standard.
- m. RODENT AND BIRD DAMAGE We agree with this standard but observe that it has the same problem as the Grub Damage issue. We recommend 1 inch on 2 1/2 inch or 6 once potato as the standard for serious damage.
- n. RUSSETING We agree with the proposed standard.
- o. SCAB-PITTED We agree with the proposed standard.
- p. SCAB We support the proposed standard.
- q. SILVER SCURF We agree with the proposed standard, but suggest the threshold be set at 55 percent rather than the 50 percent proposed.
- r. SPROUTS We support leaving the criteria for sprouting as currently written in the USDA Standards dated March 27, 1991. The existence of a % inch sprout constitutes a level of damage unacceptable to the industry at all levels.
- s. SUNKEN AND DISCOLORED AREAS We agree with the proposed rule.
- t. SURFACE CRACKS We agree with the proposed rule.
- u. WIREWORM OR GRASS DAMAGE We agree with the proposed rule. It is a very good change.
- v. INTERNAL BLACK SPOT We agree with the proposed rule.

In addition we offer the following comments.

- 1. We ask for comments to be open on color chip POT-CC-2. What other color chips were considered? It is difficult for the industry to make a reasonable comment on the chip itself when there are no alternatives. What other visual aid chips were used to select chip POT-CC-2? The numbering suggests there must have been at least one other chip.
- 2. We request the opportunity to view comments on the rule via a posting on the internet. It is impossible for the industry to travel to Washington, D.C. for the purpose of viewing comments in the appointed office during business hours. A posting of comments on the USDA website would resolve this issue.
- 3. The new standard is silent regarding a time period for "timely inspection" of product at destination. According to PACA rules, if a load is subject to re-inspection at destination, the inspection must be called for within 8 hours for trucks and with 24 hours for rail cars. Consideration of a "timely inspection" rule should be included in the standard matching the PACA rule.

Respectfully submitted,

Merle Jeppesen

Idaho-Eastern Oregon Potato Committee